

LEPER MAY NOT  
LEAVE DISTRICTFeared North Carolina Will  
Not Admit Him.

## HE PREFERS TO REMAIN

Might Be Sent to New York, His  
Former Home.

Health Authorities Have Taken  
Every Possible Precaution to Pre-  
vent a Spread of the Malady.  
Everything He Used in Room at  
Home Mission Destroyed—Stricken  
Man Bravely Faces His Fate.

Ostracized by his fellow-men, with the  
prospect of never again seeing his loved  
ones, and goaded by the specter of long-  
drawn-out agony and death, John R.  
Early, a leper, sits in his little tent on  
the border of the Eastern Branch, re-  
signed to his fate with Spartan heroism  
and fortitude.

Bereft of hope, all joy, and denied the  
right of associates, the afflicted man  
bears up bravely, comforts himself with  
his Bible, and meditates on the future.  
A smile of sorrow wreathes his coun-  
tenance. His frank blue eyes are set, as  
if some great calamity were impending;  
his speech is broken and quivering, and  
with all he is an object of sympathy and  
pity.

How long he will live in the small  
improvised quarters no one can say. If  
by the operations of an insupportable fate  
he is never to return to those near and  
dear to him, he prefers to spend his re-  
maining days where he was yesterday.

## Out of the District.

Health officials will make  
every endeavor to get the stricken man  
out of the District. They have the deepest  
sympathy for the young man, and  
insist there is absolutely no danger of a  
spread of the disease, so long as he is  
kept in the tent under guard. Notwith-  
standing these facts, however, the case is  
a dangerous one, entailing a great deal  
of expense and anxiety. The health offi-  
cials feel that as Early is not a resident  
of Washington the municipality should  
not be burdened with him and put under  
the strain which his presence causes.

Yesterday the acting health officer  
wrote a letter to the secretary of the  
State board of health of North Carolina,  
requesting that steps be taken to take  
Early back to his home in Lynn, N. C.  
No power on earth, it is said, can compel  
the State of North Carolina to accept the  
leper. It is not believed the health offi-  
cials of that State will assent to his being  
deported to their Commonwealth.

Another perplexing problem with which  
the District authorities are confronted is  
how to get the man out of the District  
in the possible event North Carolina will  
receive him. It will be exceedingly diffi-  
cult to obtain transportation for him, and  
the States through which he would have  
to pass to reach his home would probably  
object to his doing so.

At the Home Industrial Mission of the  
Salvation Army, 119 Pennsylvania avenue  
northwest, where Early lodged until it  
was discovered he was afflicted with the  
malady, every precaution has been taken  
to prevent any possible spread of the  
disease.

## Everything Is Destroyed.

Notwithstanding the bed linen, towels,  
toilet facilities, and all other articles  
with which Early is known to have come  
in contact have been burned or otherwise  
destroyed. It cannot be said Washington  
is entirely safe from other cases of leprosy.

Early says he ate in a number of lunch-  
rooms in the vicinity of the Capitol,  
handed and received newspapers and ma-  
gazines which other persons picked up after  
he had finished with them, and, excited  
more dangerous, grasped in friendship the  
hands of a number of men and women  
at the mission and in the streets of the  
city.

The theory that leprosy can be "caught"  
by breathing the same air as a person  
afflicted with it has been prevalent since  
1592 B. C., when the disease made its  
appearance in the Delta and the Nile.  
But science to-day controverts this  
prehistoric belief. That the disease can  
be and is transmitted from one person  
to another as a result of handling the  
same articles is an established fact.  
There is no danger of contagion, but leprosy  
is the most infectious disease in the world.

While health officials and others  
declare there is no occasion for alarm,  
and that the case and conditions are ab-  
solutely under control, the fact remains  
that there are persons in Washington  
who have shaken the hand of the man;  
that he handled cups, saucers, plates,  
knives, forks, spoons, and napkins. Coin  
and bills ranging in his pockets and  
handled by him are in circulation in  
Washington, and a quantity of reading  
matter is lying about the city.

## Where He Got Neals.

One of the health officials said  
yesterday that while it might be possible  
to learn every restaurant or lunch room  
in which Early took a meal, it would be  
next to impossible to find the utensils  
used. The idea of having all the utensils  
in the lunchrooms destroyed in order to  
be sure of getting the ones Early used  
does not appeal to the health officials.  
Mention of the names of the lunchrooms,  
some of which are known, is thought  
unwise by the health authorities, on the  
ground that it would serve to ruin the  
business of those places.

Early says he went to the Pension  
Office on Monday last to ascertain if he  
could not have a re-examination. He has  
been ill for eight years, and bases his  
claim to a pension on the fact that he  
has had no health since his return from  
the army in the Philippines. He was ex-  
amined when he made application for a

## WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia  
and Maryland—Partly cloudy to-  
day; probably showers. To-mor-  
row partly cloudy; variable winds.

## EVERYBODY GETS THE NEWS.

Viennese Inventor Has Machine  
That Prints It All at Once.

London, Aug. 24.—The Vienna cor-  
respondent of the Chronicle describes the  
invention of a Viennese journalist as  
likely to revolutionize newspaper and  
book printing.

The machine is similar to a typewriter  
and is worked in a similar manner. It  
produces a matrix ready for the stereo-  
typist. The matrix can be made from  
two inches to six feet wide.

From seventy to eighty words per min-  
ute can be easily printed.

It is claimed that the machine will re-  
duce the cost of printing 90 per cent.

DOUBLE INSANITY  
IN BROTHERS' CASEHains Trial Will Have Its  
Innovations.

## BRAINSTORM IS IGNORED

Attorneys Framing a Strong  
Plan of Defense.

Hold that Time Elapsing Between  
Husband's "Discovery" and the  
Tragedy, Instead of Cooling Off  
His Mind, Worked Up an Uncon-  
trollable Passion for the Blood  
of the Man He Killed.

New York, Aug. 23.—In the something  
over a week which has elapsed since  
Capt. Peter C. Hains, of the Coast Ar-  
tillery, accompanied by his brother, T.  
Jenkins Hains, went down to the Bayville  
Yacht Club and killed William E. Anns,  
a good start has been made both by the  
district attorney of Queens County and  
by counsel for the two brothers toward  
preparing for the trial, which, it is be-  
lieved, will take place about the middle  
of November. It has practically been  
decided to counsel for the defense to  
make a plea of insanity on behalf of  
Capt. Hains, and there is reason to be-  
lieve that a similar form of defense event-  
ually will be adopted for his brother.

The delay between the discovery by  
Capt. Hains of his wife's alleged infidel-  
ity and the execution of his revenge on  
the man, which seemed to weaken the  
case of the defense, Lawyer McIntyre  
points out as an essential to a plea of  
insanity. The idea once held by alienists  
that insanity was something which came  
upon a man suddenly and almost with-  
out warning, Mr. McIntyre says, has been  
abandoned, and it is now recognized, he  
says, that a man's mind weakens gradu-  
ally under the strain of some trouble un-  
til finally there comes the "explosion,"  
self-control is lost, and the power to  
differentiate between right and wrong,  
and the man is insane.

The delay in killing Anns, then, the  
lawyers for the defense will make one of  
their strong points, and will attempt to  
prove the cumulative effect of the knowl-  
edge and gossip which, they will say, kept  
coming to the captain.

## Double Insanity.

Particularly, if insanity also is offered  
for T. Jenkins Hains, will the defense be  
one of peculiar public interest. "Double  
insanity," or "reciprocal insanity," will  
become in this latest murder trial what  
"brain-storm" was in the Thaw case, and  
new and strange medico-legal terms will  
be flung about by experts and  
lawyers and newspapers. One of the  
innovations already has come to light.  
Harry Thaw had a brain-storm; it is an  
"excitation" in the case of Capt. Hains.

The men who are working to save the  
lives of the Hains brothers did not take  
a day of rest to-day. Gen. Hains, the  
father, and Maj. Hains, the brother of  
the accused, returned from Washington,  
and through quite a part of the afternoon  
were in conference with Lawyers McIn-  
tyre and Joseph A. Shay in the rooms  
the Hainses are occupying in the Hotel  
Astor. When the lawyers came down  
stairs, Mr. McIntyre said that other men,  
whose names he declined to give, had  
been present at the conference and had  
been questioned with a view of deter-  
mining whether or not evidence they can  
give would be competent at the trial.

The nature of the information furnished  
by these new possible witnesses Mr. McIn-  
tyre declined to explain at the present  
time. The names of the men talked with  
had not yet appeared in connection with  
the case, Mr. McIntyre said. It is be-  
lieved that what is sought from them is  
corroboration of the defense's claim that  
the Hains brothers went to the yacht  
club for a reason other than the killing  
of Anns.

## Asks for Uniform.

At the jail in Long Island City, where  
the prisoners are confined, a keeper said  
to-day that Capt. Hains had sent to Fort  
Hancock for his uniform. From this it  
was inferred that the captain may go  
into the court room for his examination  
to-morrow morning and perhaps for the  
trial in November wearing the uniform  
of a captain in the United States army.  
Since the military authorities as yet  
have had no occasion to take cognizance  
of the captain's case, and therefore he  
retains his position in the army without

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While you think of it, telephone your  
Want Ad. to the Washington Herald, and  
it will be sent you at 1 cent a word.

## THE IMMUNES.

MR. BRYAN SPENDS  
A QUIET SUNDAYBut Owns Up He Did Talk  
a Little Politics.

## ALL HAPPENED IN CHICAGO

Candidate Meets Whole Lot of Peo-  
ple in Auditorium Annex, Among  
Them Tom Johnson, of Cleveland.  
Also Meets Jim Kerr, of the  
Democratic National Committee.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—William J. Bryan,  
the Democratic Presidential nominee,  
spent a quiet Sunday at the Auditorium  
Annex. During the morning he attended  
services at the Fourth Presbyterian  
Church, where his old friend, Rev. Dr.  
Kittredge, formerly of Chicago, but now  
of New York, preached.

Mr. Bryan was accompanied by his  
brother and family, Josephus Daniels,  
and several members of the national com-  
mittee. He stated that he had no idea  
of where he was to attend church until  
he looked over the papers and found that  
his old friend, Dr. Kittredge, was going  
to preach at the Fourth Church.

Although true to his rule to let political  
matters rest on the Sabbath, Mr. Bryan  
was nevertheless a busy man to-day.  
He received a number of callers at his  
quarters in the parlor suite in the Annex.

Mr. Bryan said he looked forward with  
considerable interest to the notification  
ceremonies on Tuesday, when Mr. Kern  
will be told of his nomination for the  
Vice Presidency.

## Just a Little Bit.

"Yes, I suppose we did discuss politics  
a little bit," declared Mr. Bryan when  
asked if he did not break over his Sunday  
rule.

"What else is there to talk about? I  
talked over the situation with Mayor  
Johnson, who came here to see me on  
political matters, but I shall adhere to  
the rule in that I will have no news to  
give the papers on Sunday."

## BRAVE FIGHT AGAINST RABIES

Chicago Physician Adopts Heroic  
Treatment.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Four days have  
passed since the deadly germs of hydro-  
phobia fastened upon Dr. Antonio  
Lagorio.

As yet there are no symptoms devel-  
oped. The physician is treating himself  
heroically, more rigorously, perhaps, than  
ever any patient was treated before. He  
is selecting his instruments and is in-  
jecting into his own system the most  
powerful antitoxin known to science.

According to every precedent he must  
continue this for three weeks, at the end  
of which time he will know whether he is  
to live or die.

## SHOT TO SAVE HIS FRIEND.

Used Pistol on Stranger Who Mur-  
derously Assaulted Clerk.

Plains, Mont., Aug. 23.—To protect his  
friend from being murdered by a stranger  
crazed with drink, Dean Fisher fired two  
shots last night at W. W. Ferebe, both  
taking effect. Fisher, who is a grocery  
clerk, and H. E. M. Metcalf, a clerk in  
McGowan's Hotel, were conversing on  
the sidewalk about 11 o'clock last night,  
when the demented man rushed upon  
them and felled Metcalf with a heavy iron  
bar and continued striking him.

Ferebe is badly wounded, but the doc-  
tors say there is a chance for his life.  
Ferebe is a native of Baltimore.

611 Niagara Falls Excursion, August 28,  
Baltimore and Ohio.  
Special train standard coaches and par-  
lor cars from Washington 7:45 a. m., go-  
ing via Philadelphia and Lehigh Valley  
route. Liberal stop-overs returning. Tickets  
good returning within fifteen days.  
Cheap ship trips from Niagara Falls.  
Other dates, September 11 and October 2.

## GET ALONG WITHOUT ANDY.

Carnegie, Pa., to Celebrate Fiftieth  
Anniversary Without Its Laird.  
Pittsburgh, Aug. 23.—The suburb of Car-  
negie will celebrate its fiftieth birthday  
this week with an "old-home" week.

Andrew Carnegie, after whom the town  
was named, and Hans Wagner, its most  
distinguished citizen, will be featured, and  
everywhere throughout the gayly de-  
corated town are pictures of the two, side  
by side.

A cablegram was received from Car-  
negie to-day in which he expressed his  
great regret at being unable to attend.  
But Hans Wagner will be there, and so  
every one is happy.

## HETTY GREEN REAL WOMAN.

Richest Widow in America Travels  
Just Like Any of Us.

Bellevue Falls, Vt., Aug. 23.—When a  
bent woman alighted unassisted from a  
coach of the New York flyer yesterday  
afternoon, holding under one arm her  
old-fashioned cape and a peacefully  
sleeping Skye terrier, and gripping in  
the other hand a much-worn imitation  
alligator bag, the station master gave  
one look and observed:

"Well, there's Hetty Green again!"

No carriage awaited the richest woman  
in the United States, because she did  
not want one, and she had no luggage.

## TWO ARE KILLED IN WRECK

Boys Placed Obstruction on Track  
Which Derailed Train.

Buford, Ga., Aug. 23.—The New Or-  
leans-Washington Limited, north-bound  
on the Southern Railway, was wrecked  
near here this afternoon as the result of a  
bolt being placed on the track by some  
boys.

Fireman Watkins and Engineer Dew-  
berry were caught under the engine and  
crushed to death. No others were in-  
jured. The train was going thirty-five  
miles an hour at the time. The engine  
left the track, but ran on the cross-ties  
for 200 yards before it toppled over, car-  
rying with it the mail and baggage cars,  
which broke loose from the other coaches.

## MINERS ORDERED TO RETURN.

President Lewis Refuses to Sanction  
Hudson Strike.

Indianapolis, Aug. 23.—President Lewis  
of the United Mine Workers, has ordered  
the striking miners at the Hudson mine,  
where the trouble originated between the  
operators and the miners, to return to  
work by to-morrow noon or have their  
charter revoked and their places filled by  
men from other mines.

The strikers at first refused to return  
to work pending settlement of grievances,  
but Lewis' threat may cause them to re-  
consider.

## JEROME'S HOME ROBBED.

"Good News," He Says, When In-  
formed by 'Phone.

New York, Aug. 23.—Thieves entered  
District Attorney Jerome's apartment, at  
5 Rutgers street, about 5 o'clock this  
afternoon, but, as far as is known, did  
not take anything. The district attorney  
is at Lakeville, Conn.

## CHASING UP THE FLEET.

American Cruisers Hurry from San  
Francisco to Sydney.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—Seven cruisers  
of the Pacific fleet will go to sea to-  
morrow morning, followed by seven tor-  
pedo boat destroyers, all bound for Hon-  
olulu and Pago Pago.

Outside the bar the cruisers will take  
the destroyers in tow, and are expected  
to haul them all the way to their mid-  
ocean destination, though each destroyer  
will have steam in one boiler in order to  
meet any emergency. Each of the cruisers  
is provided with plenty of new 10-inch  
hemp hawser and 5-inch steel cable for  
towing.

## BRYAN LAUDS OLD AGE.

Writes to Nonagenarian on Wealth  
of Wisdom.

Ephrata, Pa., Aug. 23.—Jere Mohler,  
who celebrated his ninetieth birthday on  
Thursday, has received the following let-  
ter from William Jennings Bryan, written  
from Lincoln, Neb., on August 15:

My Dear Mr. Mohler: I learn through the news-  
papers that you are to celebrate your ninetieth birth-  
day on August 23. Permit me to join with your  
many friends in congratulating you upon having reached  
so ripe an age. The wealth of wisdom and experi-  
ence which belongs to one like you is full com-  
pensation for any lack of vigor which may come with  
increasing years.

Summer Special—See for Prices  
Worth 25 and 50, Blackstone, 11th and H.

## MRS. HAINS UNDECIDED.

Don't Know Whether She's for or  
Against Her Husband.

Boston, Aug. 23.—"My husband killed a  
man the world could not afford to spare,"  
said Mrs. Hains in an interview to-day.  
"If I go on the stand, I do not know  
whether the testimony will be for or  
against my husband. That we shall see.  
I shall tell the truth. My purpose will  
be to vindicate myself and my children."

"I am certain of the outcome, so far as  
myself and the children are concerned.  
My attorneys are old friends. Mr. Norton  
was my father's college mate. He has  
known me since I was a little girl. Mr.  
Wild is an old friend, too. I have abso-  
lute faith in them."

"My one thought is to vindicate my  
name and to have my children with me  
again. I don't know what I shall do to  
support them." I shall have to do some-  
thing."

## CHICAGO TREASURY

THEFT IS SOLVED

Former Teller Arrested for  
\$173,000 Shortage.

## LONG UNDER SUSPICION

Has Puzzled the Keenest Gov-  
ernment Detectives.

Slenths Followed George W. Fitz-  
gerald for Months, but He Finally  
Lulled All Thoughts Against Him.

Attention Was Again Drawn to  
Him on Account of Lavish Ex-  
penditures—Denies He Is Guilty.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—George W. Fitzgerald  
was arrested late last night at his home  
on a charge of stealing \$173,000 from the  
Chicago treasury.

The arrest, it is believed, solves the great  
subtreasury robbery, which for nearly  
two years has mystified the keenest de-  
tectives of the government Secret Service.

The warrant was sworn out at midnight  
before Judge Arthur H. Chetlain by Her-  
bert F. Young, general manager of the  
Young Secret Service Company. The de-  
tective manager acted under instructions  
from Assistant Treasurer William Bolden-  
weck, in charge of the Chicago sub-  
treasury.

## Sweated for Two Hours.

Fitzgerald was bundled into an automo-  
bile and taken to the offices of the Young  
Secret Service Company. There he was  
sweated for two hours. He was taken  
to the county jail at 2 o'clock this morn-  
ing. He was turned over to the Federal  
authorities to-day.

Fitzgerald was asserting before the  
subtreasury when the gigantic shortage  
was discovered. Suspicion pointed to him  
from the first, and he was kept under  
close surveillance. He convinced govern-  
ment officials that he had nothing to do  
with the theft. After a few weeks' espion-  
age over him was withdrawn.

## Offered to Sell \$1,000 BILL.

Suspicion veered back to Fitzgerald  
early last July, when he offered to sell  
a \$1,000 bill to Col. Harry C. Gayne,  
superintendent of A. Booth & Co., for \$50.  
Col. Gayne notified Assistant United  
States Treasurer William Boldenweck,  
and detectives were sent on Fitzgerald's  
track and his arrest followed. Detectives  
employed by Young's agency learned that  
Fitzgerald recently had invested \$3,000  
in a speculation in eggs, and that in July,  
1907, five months after the robbery, he  
had bought a handsome residence in Rogers  
Park for \$3,000.

## Fitzgerald denies his guilt.

## TURKISH CAPITAL BURNING.

Great Fire in Stamboul Quarter De-  
stroys Large Area.

Constantinople, Aug. 23.—A great fire is  
raging to-night in the Stamboul quarter.  
During the last six hours it is estimated  
that over 1,200 houses have been de-  
stroyed.

The conflagration at 9 o'clock was still  
sweeping over the quarter, although the  
wind, which at first was strong, was then  
subsiding.

## LAWYER ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

C. Martin Brand, of Washington,  
Jumps Into River.

Pittsburg, Aug. 23.—C. Martin Brand,  
an attorney of Washington, D. C., last  
evening threw himself from the Twenty-  
second street bridge into the Monongah-  
ela River.

He was fished out by river men, and at  
the South Side Hospital, where he was  
taken, it was said this afternoon his  
condition was not serious.

Brand is a son of the Rev. Peter  
Brand, a German Evangelical Lutheran  
minister of this city. When a young  
man he refused to study, and went to  
work as a clerk. As he grew older he  
began to study night and day, entered  
Georgetown University, and was gradu-  
ated as a lawyer. He started to practice  
law in Washington, but for some  
reason did not prosper. Recently it was  
noticed that his mind was affected.

Leaving his family in Washington,  
Brand came here two weeks ago and  
spent some time at the home of his  
parents. On Saturday evening he wan-  
dered out to the Twenty-second street  
bridge. For a long time he gazed into  
the water, and then leaped over the rail-  
ing.

The name of C. Martin Brand is not  
given in the list of attorneys in the  
Washington city directory.

If you are in doubt as to whom to con-  
sult with reference to the purchase of a  
new home, don't fail to consult the live,  
up-to-date real estate men who advertise  
in Washington's most wide-awake paper,  
The Washington Herald.

MR. MEYER TALKS  
BACK TO BRYANPostmaster General Tells  
About Banking Business.

## DON'T WANT SHORT CUT

Says It's the Kind of Insurance  
Republicans Repudiate.

Honestly Managed Banks, He Says,  
Would Have to Pay the Debts of  
Those that Are Not Honestly Man-  
aged—Proposed System Would Revo-  
lutionize Whole Fiduciary Sys-  
tem—Letter from Little Girl.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 23.—Postmaster  
General George von L. Meyer, who is one  
of Mr. Taft's personal advisers, had this  
to say to-day in regard to the Bryan propo-  
sition of a guarantee of deposits in national  
banks:

"The Democratic candidate is bringing  
forward a short cut and a plausible  
panacea against panic—the guaranteeing  
of deposits in national banks. At first  
sight this would appear to be a sort of  
insurance. Insurance, however, is a con-  
tract whereby one party voluntarily pays  
to another a fixed sum for indemnity  
against loss and not to exceed an agreed  
amount. The guaranteeing proposition  
compels by law the banks to pay un-  
known sums for future losses to an un-  
known amount and subject to unknown  
risks over which they have no control.

## Strong to Help the Weak.

"The Democratic platform pledges the  
party to compulsory guaranteeing of de-  
posits for all national banks. This guar-  
anteeing of deposits by all national banks  
would mean nothing less than that the  
conservative and honestly managed banks  
would have to pay the debts of banks  
which have been badly and dishonestly  
managed. Under this system there would  
be nothing to prevent a not over scrupu-  
lous banking officer competing for de-  
posits by going to parties and offering  
5 per cent for their deposits, representing  
that they assumed no risk, as deposits  
were guaranteed. The bank in turn  
would have to make investments involv-  
ing great risk in order to make any  
money."

"If successful, this would tend to in-  
crease speculation, one of the misfor-  
tunes of the present day, with the wild  
scheme and high finance that have  
been so much in evidence in the last  
year."

## Would Upset System.

"The proposed system would result in  
revolutionizing the methods of banking.  
State banks and trust companies would  
be forced to enter under the same ar-  
rangements in order to have their de-  
posits guaranteed, which would be an in-  
justice to the national banks, as the  
stockholders in national banks are sub-  
ject to double liability for deposits, which  
is not true of State banks."

"The deposits in savings banks throughout  
the country amount to about \$3,500,000,000.  
What greater injustice can be imagined  
than that these deposits, the savings of  
wage earners and individuals of very  
moderate means, should be taxed to pay  
for the losses of mismanaged banks, which  
is not true of State banks."

## No Stockholders in New England.

"In New England and in New York  
there are no stockholders in the savings  
banks. All the money earned is paid to  
the depositors. Therefore, it would re-  
sult in a direct tax upon the depositors  
and would reduce the returns coming to  
them."

"As Mr. Taft has said in his speech of  
acceptance, the Republican party prefers  
the postal savings bank as a method  
tried, safe, and known to be effective,  
and reaching many more people now  
without banking facilities than the new  
system proposed."

"In the postal savings banks the de-  
posits are guaranteed by the government,  
because the government has received the  
deposits and made itself responsible. The  
deposits are led back into the channels  
of trade by being deposited in the na-  
tional banks in the districts where they  
were brought to the post-offices. The  
system of guaranteeing deposits in na-  
tional banks as proposed by the Demo-  
cratic party is only one step further  
toward socialism."

## A Guess on Von Meyer.

Mr. Meyer's statement is an evidence  
that the Republican leaders believe that  
the Bryan guaranteeing proposition is to  
be one of the foremost issues of the cam-  
paign. The way the wind is blowing now  
they expect that only one issue, the tariff,  
may surpass it in the interest of the pub-  
lic. Bryan's Des Moines speech on the  
tariff makes a reply by Mr. Taft certain,  
and if the Nebraska continues to drive  
ahead on that subject the chances are  
so some of Mr. Taft's advisers think, that  
the campaign will revolve itself into an  
old time tariff fight."

Up to this time, however, reports that  
have reached Hot Springs indicate that  
the national bank guarantee issue appeals  
as strongly to the people as any other.  
It affects their pocketbooks, and they  
are interested in it, especially in the West  
and